CALIFORNIA 2024 LAW ENFORCEMENT QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

This pocket reference guide contains key provisions found within the California Elections Code, Penal Provisions, Division 18, § 18000 – 18700 and other relevant sections.

- Interfering with election officers holding an election, or with voters lawfully exercising their vote is a felony.
- Threatening force, violence, coercion, or intimidation against a voter related to their exercise of their vote is a felony.
- Unauthorized possession of a firearm in the immediate vicinity of a polling place or vote center is a felony.

VOTING HOURS

7 a.m. to 8 p.m.

2024 ELECTION DATES

Presidential Primary Election: March 5
General Election: November 5

For other election dates: www.sos.ca.gov/elections/upcoming-elections

REPORT SUSPICIOUS BEHAVIOR TO

Your local election official: www.sos.ca.gov/elections/voting-resources/county-elections-offices

California Secretary of State:
(800) 345-VOTE (8683);
www.sos.ca.gov/elections
Unlawful Reward for Voting

A person shall not directly or through any other person pay or receive any money or other valuable consideration before, during, or after an election in order to reward any person or as a reward for voting.

Any person violating this prohibition is guilty of a felony.

Unlawful Acts on Election Day

(a) A person shall not, on election day, or at any time that a voter may be casting a ballot, within the 100 foot limit specified in subdivision (b), do any of the following:

(1) Circulate an initiative, referendum, recall, or nomination petition or any other petition.

(2) Solicit a vote or speak to a voter on the subject of marking the voter's ballot.

(3) Place a sign relating to voters' qualifications or speak to a voter on the subject of the voter's qualifications except as provided in Section 14240.

(4) Do any electioneering as defined by Section 319.5.

(b) The activities described in subdivision (a) are prohibited within 100 feet of either of the following:

(1) The entrance to a building that contains a polling place as defined by Section 338.5, an elections official's office, or a satellite location specified in Section 3018.

(2) An outdoor site, including a curbside voting area, at which a voter may cast or drop off a ballot.

Any person who violates any of these prohibitions is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Unlawful Vandalism of Polling Places

(a) A person, during any election, shall not do any of the following:

(1) Remove or destroy any of the supplies or other
conveniences placed in the voting booths or compartments for the purpose of enabling the voter to prepare his or her ballot.

(2) Remove, tear down, or deface the cards printed for the instruction of voters.

(3) Remove, tear, mark, destroy, or otherwise deface any voter list or roster with the intent to falsify or prevent others from readily ascertaining the name, address, or political preference of any voter, or the fact that a voter has or has not voted.

(4) Remove, tear down, or deface the signs identifying the location of a polling place or identifying areas within 100 feet of a polling place.

*Any person who violates any of these prohibitions is guilty of a misdemeanor.*

**Unlawful Interference with Canvass or Election**

CA Elec Code § 18502

(a) Any person who in any manner interferes with the officers holding an election or conducting a canvass, as to prevent the election or canvass from being fairly held and lawfully conducted, or with the voters lawfully exercising their rights of voting at an election, is punishable by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code for 16 months or two or three years.

(b) For purposes of this section, "officers holding an election or conducting a canvass" include, but are not limited to, the Secretary of State as the chief elections officer, and their staff, as it relates to performance of any of their duties related to administering the provisions of the Elections Code, and elections officials and their staff, including temporary workers and poll workers, and members of a precinct board, in their performance of any duty related to assisting with holding an election or conducting a canvass.

(c) For purposes of this section, "holding an election or conducting a canvass" includes, but is not limited to, the election observation process governed by the Elections Code and applicable regulations adopted by the Secretary of State.
(d) For purposes of this section, “voting at an election” includes, but is not limited to, voting in person at a polling place or at the office of the elections official, including satellite locations pursuant to Section 3018, and voting by mail and returning a voted ballot pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 3017.

Any person violating this prohibition is guilty of a felony.

Unlawful Threat to Induce or Compel Person to Vote or Refrain from Voting

CA Elec Code § 18540

(a) Every person who makes use of or threatens to make use of any force, violence, or tactic of coercion or intimidation, to induce or compel any other person to vote or refrain from voting at any election or to vote or refrain from voting for any particular person or measure at any election, or because any person voted or refrained from voting at any election or voted or refrained from voting for any particular person or measure at any election is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code for 16 months or two or three years.

(b) Every person who hires or arranges for any other person to make use of or threaten to make use of any force, violence, or tactic of coercion or intimidation, to induce or compel any other person to vote or refrain from voting at any election or to vote or refrain from voting for any particular person or measure at any election, or because any person voted or refrained from voting at any election or voted or refrained from voting for any particular person or measure at any election is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code for 16 months or two or three years.

(c) For purposes of this section, “voting at any election” includes, but is not limited to, voting in person at a polling place or at the office of the elections official, including satellite locations pursuant to Section 3018, and voting by mail and returning a voted ballot pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 3017.
Unlawful Possession of Firearm or Stationing of Uniformed Person at Polling Place

CA Elec Code § 18544

(a) Any person in possession of a firearm or any uniformed peace officer, private guard, or security personnel or any person who is wearing a uniform of a peace officer, guard, or security personnel, who is stationed in the immediate vicinity of, or posted at, a polling place [including vote centers] without written authorization of the appropriate city or county elections official is punishable [as a felony].

[This section does not apply to peace officers conducting official business or at the polling place to cast their vote, nor to security personnel hired by the elections official or manager of the property, pursuant to § 18544 (b).]

Unlawful Tampering or Interference with Voting Apparatus

CA Elec Code § 18564

Any person is guilty of a felony... who, before or during an election:

(a) Tampers with, interferes with, or attempts to interfere with, the correct operation of, or willfully damages in order to prevent the use of, any voting machine, voting device, voting system, vote tabulating device, or ballot tally software program source codes.

(b) Interferes or attempts to interfere with the secrecy of voting or ballot tally software program source codes.

(c) Knowingly, and without authorization, makes or has in his or her possession a key to a voting machine that has been adopted and will be used in elections in this state.

(d) Willfully substitutes or attempts to substitute forged or counterfeit ballot tally software program source codes.

Unlawful Acting as Election Officer

CA Elec Code § 18575

Every person is guilty of a felony... who at any election:

(a) Without first having been appointed and qualified, acts as an election officer.

(b) Not being an election officer, performs or discharges any
of the duties of an election officer in regard to the handling, counting, or canvassing of any ballots.

**Threatening a Public Official**

(a) Every person who knowingly and willingly threatens the life of, or threatens serious bodily harm to, any elected public official, county public defender, county clerk, exempt appointee of the Governor, judge, or Deputy Commissioner of the Board of Prison Terms, or the staff, immediate family, or immediate family of the staff of any [aforesaid] official,... with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, and the apparent ability to carry out that threat by any means, is guilty of a public offense, punishable as follows:

1. Upon a first conviction, the offense is punishable by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars ($5,000), or by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170, or in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by both that fine and imprisonment.

2. If the person has been convicted previously of violating this section, the previous conviction shall be charged in the accusatory pleading, and if the previous conviction is found to be true by the jury upon a jury trial, or by the court upon a court trial, or is admitted by the defendant, the offense is punishable by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170.

(c) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:

1. “Apparent ability to carry out that threat” includes the ability to fulfill the threat at some future date when the person making the threat is an incarceratated prisoner with a stated release date.

2. “Serious bodily harm” includes serious physical injury or serious traumatic condition.

3. “Immediate family” means a spouse, parent, or child, or anyone who has regularly resided in the household for the past six months.

4. “Threat” means a verbal or written threat or a threat implied by a pattern of conduct or a combination of verbal

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**CA Penal Code § 76**

Committee for SAFE AND SECURE ELECTIONS
or written statements and conduct made with the intent and the apparent ability to carry out the threat so as to cause the person who is the target of the threat to reasonably fear for his or her safety or the safety of his or her immediate family.

(d) As for threats against staff or immediate family of staff, the threat must relate directly to the official duties of the staff of the [aforesaid] official… in order to constitute a public offense under this section.

### Challenging Right to Vote without Probable Cause; Conspiracies; Penalty

**CA Elec Code § 18543**

(a) Every person who knowingly challenges a person’s right to vote without probable cause or on fraudulent or spurious grounds, or who engages in mass, indiscriminate, and groundless challenging of voters solely for the purpose of preventing voters from voting or to delay the process of voting, or who fraudulently advises any person that he or she is not eligible to vote or is not registered to vote when in fact that person is eligible or is registered, … is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 12 months or in the state prison.

(b) Every person who conspires to violate subdivision (a) is guilty of a felony.

### Offenses at the Polls; Penalties

**CA Elec Code § 18568**

Every person is punishable by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or by imprisonment pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 1170 of the Penal Code for 16 months or two or three years, or by both that fine and imprisonment, who:

(a) Aids in changing or destroying any poll list or official ballot.

(b) Aids in wrongfully placing any ballots in the ballot container or in taking any therefrom.

(c) Adds or attempts to add any ballots to those legally polled at any election by fraudulently putting them into the ballot container, either before or after the ballots therein have been counted.
(d) Adds to or mixes with, or attempts to add to or mix with, the ballots polled, any other ballots, while they are being counted or canvassed or at any other time, with intent to change the result of the election, or allows another to do so, when in the person’s power to prevent it.

(e) Carries away or destroys, attempts to carry away or destroy, or knowingly allows another to carry away or destroy, any poll list, ballot container, or ballots lawfully polled or who willfully detains, mutilates, or destroys any election returns.

(f) Removes any unvoted ballots from the polling place before the completion of the ballot count.

(g) Displays a container for the purpose of collecting ballots, with the intent to deceive a voter into casting a ballot in an unofficial ballot box. Evidence of intent to deceive may include using the word “official” on the container, or otherwise fashioning the container in a way that is likely to deceive a voter into believing that the container is an official collection box that has been approved by an elections official.

(h) Directs or solicits a voter to place a ballot in a container prohibited by subdivision (g).